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COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

and M

Vol. 15, No. 39

REPORT

Week Ending

October 1, 1966

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

EPIDEMIOLOGIC NOTES AND REPORTS TYPHOID FEVER - Nebraska

On September 12, 1966, a case of typhoid fever in a 72-year-old man was reported from Kearney, Nebraska. The patient experienced symptoms of fever, chills, cramping, abdominal pain, and diarrhea on August 27 while vacationing with his wife on a train tour. There was no nausea or vomiting but the patient was anorectic. Although the diarrhea subsided after 2 days, the fever continued; treatment with penicillin was initiated.

The patient was admitted to hospital on September 2 where blood cultures and stool specimens were found positive for *Salmonella typhi*. He was subsequently treated with chloramphenicol. On September 6 the patient

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developed acute abdominal pain and at surgery was found to have a perforated ileum. He seemed to be recovering satisfactorily when he suddenly died on September 14. Autopsy revealed a massive pulmonary embolus.

The patient, a retired farmer, lived in a small farm town in central Nebraska. The patient's wife, whom he (Continued on page 334)

CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES (Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous weeks)

·		· · ·				
	39th WEER	ENDED	MEDIAN	CUMULA'	TIVE, FIR	ST 39 WEEKS
DISEASE	OCTOBER 1, 1966	OCTOBER 2. 1965	1961 — 1965	1966	1965	MEDIAN 1961 - 1965
Aseptic meningitis Brucellosis Diphtheria Encephalitis, primary: Arthropod-borne & unspecified Encephalitis, post-infectious Hepatitis, serum Hepatitis, infectious Measles (rubeola) Poliomyelitis, Total (including unspecified) Paralytic Nonparalytic Meningococcal infections, Total Civilian Military Rubella (German measles) Streptococcal sore throat & Scarlet fever	169 22 1 75 7 34 589 478 1 — 41 39 2 236 5.744	82 1 1 81 9 736 638 — — — 27 27 27 - 5,082	109 5 8 763 706 27 23 30 4,196	2,265 189 142 1,615 605 1,039 23,862 190,337 71 66 2,784 2,506 278 42,137 320,697	1.531 189 113 1.385 558 25,548 241,475 46 39 6 2,379 2,197 182 298,612	1,513 311 186 } 32,635 388,395 303 258 1,833 259,262
Tetanus Tularemia Typhoid fever Typhus, tick-borne (Rky. Mt. Spotted fever)	6 4 8 4	13 6	13	137 129 284 212	200 192 315 234	392
Rabine in Animale	5.7	5.1	53	3 181	3 378	2 922

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY

	Cum.		Cum.
Anthrax:	-	Botulism:	
Leptospirosis: Hawaii-1		Trichinosis: NJ-1, Pa-1, Mont-1, Calif-1, Tenn-1	
Malaria: NYC-1, Pa-4, Ohio-1, Calif-2, Ark-1, Ga-2	300	Rabies in Man: SD-1	
Psittacosis: Wash-1	35	Rubella, Congenital Syndrome:	20
Typhus, murine:	21	Plague:	4

TYPHOID FEVER - Nebraska

(Continued from front page)

had married 7 months previously, had had typhoid fever in 1947 when n small outbreak of eight cases occurred following a church supper in the town. She never received antimicrobial treatment, but her stool specimens were reportedly negative for typhoid organisms when examined in 1948. She denies any illness in the last 15 years and has not worked as a food handler.

The couple had had no recent contact with any of the other persons who had had typhoid fever in 1947. They had not eaten in any local restaurants nor had they been to any picnics or family gatherings during the month prior to the patient's illness. Their home is served by the city water supply and city sewage disposal.

On August 17 the couple went to Kansas City,

Missouri, to join a group of 121 people from all parts of the midwestern and western United States on a railway tour of western U.S. and Canada. Meals on the tour were prepared by eating establishments along the way. While traveling the patient had the onset of his symptoms; he took a train directly home from Seattle, Washington, on August 27.

Three stool cultures obtained from the patient's wife on September 14 have subsequently grown out S. typhi. Cultures from the husband and wife were found to be of the same phage type, F₁, at the Bacteriology Section of the Laboratory Branch of CDC

(Reported by Dr. E.A. Rogers, Director, Nebraska State Department of Health; and a team from CDC.)

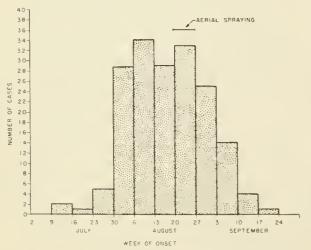
ENCEPHALITIS

St. Louis Encephalitis in Dallas, Texas

A total of 134 confirmed or presumptive cases of St. Louis encephalitis (SLE) with clinical encephalitis has been reported from Dallas City and County through October 1, 1966. An additional 45 cases with clinical illnesses other than encephalitis have shown similar laboratory evidence of infection. These include 17 cases with aseptic meningitis, 15 with febrile headache, and 13 with other clinical findings. Thus, a total of 179 confirmed or presumptive infections have been reported in all clinical categories. Confirmed SLE infection is defined, for this report, as a fourfold increase in CF antibody titer; presumptive evidence is the presence of any serologic evidence of Group B arbovirus infection.

The weeks of onset of the 179 confirmed or presumptive cases are presented in Figure 1. Two patients became

Figure 1
ST. LOUIS ENCEPHALITIS BY WEEK OF ONSET
DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS - 1966



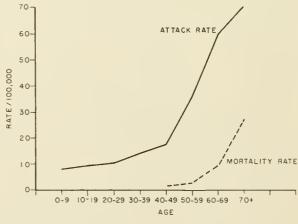
^{*}TWO OF THE 179 CASES HAD ONSETS IN JUNE, 1966

ill in June 1966 with several additional cases occurring during the last 3 weeks of July. An abrupt increase in incidence was seen during August, followed by a sharp decline in September.

The distribution of the 179 cases and attack rates per 100,000 population are shown by age and race in Table 1. Although cases appeared in all age groups, the attack rates increase with advancing age. The attack rates are higher in the non-white population in all age groups.

Thus far, 19 deaths attributable to SLE infection have occurred. The attack rates and mortality rates are shown by age group in Figure 2. Both rates show a progressive increase with advancing age.

Figure 2
ST. LOUIS ENCEPHALITIS
AGE SPECIFIC ATTACK RATE*
DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS - 1966



*BASEO ON POPULATION OATA, U S. CENSUS, 1960

Intensive local control measures were begun on August 15. Between August 19 and August 27, the entire nrea of the City of Dallas and Dallas County was sprayed with

Malathion by aircraft flying at low altitudes. The incidence of cases declined markedly within 2 to 3 weeks after completion of the aerial spraying. Further epidemiologic and laboratory study will be necessary to evaluate with accuracy the effect of this spraying on the course of the epidemic.

Table 1 St. Lauis Encephalitis — Dallas, Texas Age Specific Attack Rate*

	WI	nite	Non-	White	Total				
Age	No. of Cases	Rate per 10 ⁵	No. of Cases	Rate per 10 ⁵	No. of Cases	Rate per 10 ⁵			
0-9	9	4.9	9	22.8	18	8.1			
10-19	10	7.9	4	18.1	14	9.4			
20-29	7	6.2	7	33.2	14	10.5			
30-39	15	11.7	6	29.8	21	14.2			
40-49	13	12.4	8	52.6	21	17.5			
50-59	22	28.4	10	87.4	32	36.0			
60-69	17	35.4	16	235.4	33	60.3			
70+	16	49.0	10	240.9	26	70.7			
Total	109	13.4	70	49.9	179	18.8			

^{*}Confirmed and presumptive cases per 100,000 population (1960 Census).

Thus far, the SLE virus has been isolated from postmortem specimens obtained from three cases, and a tentative identification has been made from an isolate from the blood of a house sparrow. Prior to the aerial spraying, SLE virus was isolated from several pools of mosquitoes. It is estimated that one out of every 150 mosquitoes was infected. Immediately after the spraying, mosquito counts were markedly reduced for a period of 7 to 14 days. Subsequently there have been no confirmed viral isolations at this time.

(Reported by Dr. Van C. Tipton, State Epidemiologist, Texas State Department of Health; Dr. Hal J. Dewlett, Director, Dallas City Health Department; and a team from CDC.)

St. Louis Encepholitis in Corpus Christi, Texos

Through the week ending September 30, 1966, 219 cases of central nervous system infection have been reported to the Corpus Christi-Nueces County Health Department. Of these, 98 have been classified on the basis of laboratory data as confirmed or presumptive cases of SLE virus infection. The first recognized case had onset of symptoms in mid-July. The peak of the epidemic occurred during the third week in August when 24 patients developed illness (Figure 3).

Age specific attack rates for the 98 confirmed and presumptive cases demonstrate that all age groups were involved. However, the attack rates rise with increasing age (Table 2). Three deaths, all in individuals over 50 years of age, have been attributed to SLE infection.

Entomologic studies revealed that Culex quinquefasciatus was the only species present in sufficient quantity to be implicated as the responsible vector. Four isolates of SLE virus have been made from pools of these mosquitoes collected on August 27 and 28. A relatively high mosquito infection rate (approximately 1:200) was noted.

Figure 3
ST. LOUIS ENCEPHALITIS BY WEEK OF ONSET
NUECES COUNTY, TEXAS - 1966

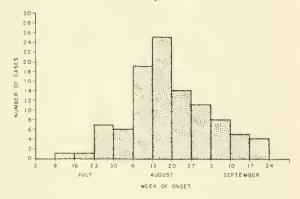


Table 2
St. Lauis Encephalitis — Carpus Christi, Texas
Age Specific Attack Rate*

	WI	nite	Non-	White	Total				
Age	No. of Cases	Rate per 10^5	No. of Cases	Rate per 10 ⁵	No. of Cases	Rate per 10 ⁵			
0-9	10	17.3	0	0.0	10	16.5			
10-19	18	44.0	0	0.0	18	42.2			
20-29	15	54.8	1	82.2	16	56.0			
30-39	13	42.9	0	0.0	13	40.7			
40-49	9	38.6	0	0.0	9	36.5			
50-59	9	53.1	1	100.3**	10	55.7			
60-69	11	122.8	0	0.0	11	116.5			
70+	11	188.4	0	0.0	11	180.7			
Total	96	45.4	2	19.2	98	44.2			

^{*}Confirmed and presumptive cases per 100,000 population (1960 Nucces Co.)

At the time of recognition of the first case on August 18, the Health Department's routine fogging of the area with benzine hexachloride dust utilizing a Buffalo turbine was intensified. Aerial spraying with Malathion was begun on August 28, and was completed in the populous areas of Nueces County within 3 days. Counts of C. quinquefasciatus mosquitoes fell dramatically on the day after the aerial spraying to 2 percent of the previously recorded numbers. Within 5 to 7 days, counts of C. quinquefasciatus returned to the level noted before spraying; however, no viral isolates have been recovered from these mosquitoes collected.

(Reported by Dr. Van C. Tipton, State Epidemiologist, Texas State Department of Health; Dr. R.W. Metzger, Director of Public Health and Welfare, Dr. George Fischer, Epidemiologist, Corpus Christi-Nueces County Health Department; and a team from CDC.)

St. Louis Encepholitis in St. Louis, Missouri

From June through September 1966, 12 patients with encephalitis and 36 patients with either aseptic menin-

(Continued on page 340)

^{**}Based on one case in a population of 997.

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

OCTOBER 1, 1966 AND OCTOBER 2, 1965 (39th WEEK)

					ENCEPHAL	ITIS				HEPATITIS	
AREA	ASEI MENIN	PTIC NGITIS	BRUCELLOSIS	Prim inclu unsp.	ding	Post- lnfectious	DIPH	THERIA	Serum	Infectious	Both Types
	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
UNITED STATES	169	82	22	75	81	7	2	1	34	589	7 36
NEW ENGLAND	-			,					,		0.5
Maine	5	-	_	3	2	-	-	-	1 -	20	25 2
New Hampshire		_	_	_			_	_	_		4
Vermont	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	-
Massachusetts	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	8
Rhode Island	2	-	-	2	2	-	_	-	1	4	1
Connecticut	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	9	10
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	20	7		11	13	1	_		17	105	145
New York City	8		_	6	4		_	_	14	25	15
New York, Up-State.	3	5	_	i	2	1	_	_	1	25	92
New Jersey	9	ī	-	2	4		_	_	2	26	13
Pennsylvania	_	1	_	2	3	-	-	-	-	29	25
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	26	28	1	20	13	1	-	-	1	94	154
Ohio	4	5	1	19	7	-	-	-	-	26	46
Indiana	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	4	11
111inois	3	9	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	26	32
Wisconsin	17 2	11	-	_	1 -	1 -	_	-	1	35	55 10
	2	٥		_	•		_	_	-	٥	10
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	23	4	5	9	17	2	-	-	-	31	23
Minnesota	16	3	2	4	-	1	-	-	-	6	7
Iowa	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	3	5
Missouri	1	-	1	2	-	- '	-	-	-	22	1
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
Nebraska	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Kansas	3	-	1	1	12	-	-	-	-	-	7
SOUTH ATLANTIC	16	2	9	2	_	1	_	1	1	60	82
Delaware	10	_	-		_		_	_	_	3	-
Maryland	2		_		_	_		_	_	14	18
Dist. of Columbia	1	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	-	-
Virginia	2	_	8	1	_	_	_	_	_	17	19
West Virginia	-	1	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	7	1
North Carolina	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	4	11
South Carolina	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3
Georgia	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Florida	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	7	30
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	7	4	1	1	4	_	1	_	3	32	36
Kentucky	í	2	_	_	2			_		11	15
Tennessee	3	-	_	_	2	_	_	_	3	8	13
Alabama	1	1	1	_	-	_	1	_	_	8	6
Mississippi	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	2
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	16	6	5	11	19	-	1	-	1	47	62
Arkansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	6
Louisiana	-	-	2	2	_	-	1	_	1	4	13
Oklahoma Texas	16	6	3	9	19	-	-	-	-	35	1 42
		J			.,						,,
MOUNTAIN	-	3	-	4	10	-	-	-	-	26	35
Montana	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	4
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	5
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1
Colorado	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
New Mexico	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	2	8
Arizona	-	3	-	1	1 .	-	-	-	-	6	8
Utah Nevada	-	_	-	_	4 -	_	-	_	_	2	4
								_			1
PACIFIC	56	28	1	14	3	2	-	-	10	174	174
Washington	-	2	-	4	1	-	-	-	1	7	11
Oregon	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	36	19
California	55	25	44	10	1	2	-	-	9	131	139
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Hawaii	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

OCTOBER 1, 1966 AND OCTOBER 2, 1965 (39th WEEK) - CONTINUED

	MEA	SLES (Rubec	12)	MENINGOO	OCCAL INFE	ECTIONS,		POLIOM	YELITIS		RUBELLA
AREA	PEA	J. C. CRUDE			TOTAL		Tot	al	Par	alytic	KUDELLA
	1966	Cumula		1966	Cumula		1966	1965	1966	Cumulative	1966
		1966	1965	1700	1966	1965	1700	1703	1700	1966	1700
UNITED STATES	478	190,337	241,475	41	2,784	2,379	1	-	-	66	236
NEW ENGLAND	15	2,279	36,839	2	123	120	-	-	-	-	30
Maine	10	211	2,802	-	9	16	-	-	-	-	7
New Hampshire	-	80	381	-	9	7	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	-	238	1,268	-	4	7	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts Rhode Island	2	783	19,298	1	50 14	40 14	-	-	-	_	5
Connecticut	3	895	3,938 9,152	-	37	36	-	-	-	-	18
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	23	18,036	14,843	7	340	311	-	_	_	_	5
New York City	7	8,293	2,416	1	48	54	-	-	-	-	4
New York, Up-State.	1	2,536	4,143	2	95	90	-	-	-	-	1
New Jersey	2	1,848	2,577	3	101	80	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	13	5,359	5,707	1 -	96	87	-		-	-	-
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	95	68,843	55,891	9	439	344	1	-	-	3	74
Ohio	4 4	6,355 5,702	8,895	2	118 80	92 43	1	1 :	-	1	8
Illinois	2	11,365	1,847 2,764	1	80	97	-	V .	_	2	6 12
Michigan	45	14,517	26,473	3	118	74	_	0 -	_	_	9
Wisconsin	40	30,904	15,912	-	43	38	-	-	-	-	39
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	11	8,698	16,578	1	148	123	-		-	1	5
Minnesota	-	1,643	688	-	34	27	-	-	-	1	-
Iowa	1	5,309	9,001	-	22	9	-	-	-	-	3
Missouri	-	531	2,591	-	57	52	-	-	-	-	1
North Dakota	10	1,098	3,731	-	11	11	-	-	-	-	1
South Dakota	-	40 77	115 452	1	5 8	3 10	-	0 - 5	_	_	
Kansas	NN	NN	NN	-	11	11	-	-	-	-	-
SOUTH ATLANTIC	38	15,307	25,092	9	467	455	_		_	1	6
Delaware	-	257	505	_	4	7	_	-	-	_	-
Maryland	-	2,106	1,163	_	46	44	-	-	-	_	-
Dist. of Columbia	-	383	77	-	11	9	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	2	2,176	4,080	3	54	53	- 1	-	-	-	4
West Virginia	25	5,311	13,839	3	31	24	-	-	-	-	2
North Carolina	6	493	391	3	121	93	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina		657	1,018 617	-	48 63	59 57			-	1	-
Florida	5	3,690	3,402	-	89	109	- 1	-	_	-	-
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	55	19,771	13,948	4	246	185	_	_	_	3	3
Kentucky	20	4,731	2,586	2	87	73	_	-	-	_	1
Tennessee	26	12,327	7,910	2	83	60	-	-	-	-	2
Alabama	3	1,689	2,335	-	54	32	- 0		-	1	-
Mississippi	6	1,024	1,117	-	22	20	-	-	-	2	-
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	80	24,650	30,958	3	378	311	-	-	-	55	
Arkansas Louisiana	-	971	1,084	-	35	15	-	-	-	1	-
Oklahoma	_	99	107 203	1	139 19	171 20	_	-	-	1	_
Texas	80	23,093	29,564	2	185	105	-	-	-	53	_
MOUNTAIN	26	12,004	19,817	2	87	74	_		_	-	11
Montana	3	1,820	3,731	_	4	2	-		-	-	-
Idaho	15	1,585	2,794	-	5	8	-	-	-	-	1
Wyoming	5	166	848	-	6	5	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado	1	1,315	5,678	1	47	15	-	-	-	-	5
New Mexico	-	1,133	677	-	10 10	11 16		_	-	-	- 5
Utah	1	5,300	1,332 4,553		10	16	-		_		-
Nevada	1	44	204	1	5	3	-	-	-	-	_
	135	20,749	27,509	4	556	456	-	-	_	3	102
PACIFIC			7,245	2	39	34	-	-	-	2	70
Washington	68	3,633									
Washington Oregon	28	1,829	3,261	-	34	33	-	-	-	-	10
Washington Oregon California	28 36	1,829 14,623	3,261 13,003	2	464	364	-	-	-	1	18
Washington Oregon California Alaska	28 36 1	1,829 14,623 524	3,261 13,003 186		464 15	364 18		-			18 2
Washington Oregon California	28 36	1,829 14,623	3,261 13,003	2	464	364	-	-	-	1	18

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

OCTOBER 1, 1966 AM	ND OCTOBER 2, 1965	(39th WEEK) - CONTINUED
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AREA	STREPTOCOCCAL SORE THROAT & SCARLET FEVER	TETA	NUS	TULAR	EMIA	ТҮРН	OID		FEVER BORNE Spotted)	RABIE ANIM	
	1966	1966	Cum. 1966	1966	Cum. 1966	1966	Cum. 1966	1966	Cum. 1966	1966	Cum. 1966
UNITED STATES	5,744	6	137	4	129	8	284	4	212	57	3,181
NEW ENGLAND	773	-	3	_	1	-	7	-	3	1	74
Maine	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
New Hampshire	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Vermont	50	-	-		1	-	- 2	-	-	1	21
Massachusetts Rhode Island	117	_	2		_	_	3 -	_	1 -	_	3 -
Connecticut	506	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	2	-	-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	137	1	13	-	-	2	49	-	40	3	195
New York City	3	-	5	-	-	2	21	-	-	-	1
New York, Up-State.	116	-	2	-	-	-	11	-	13	3	182
New Jersey Pennsylvania	NN 18	1 -	2	-	-	-	7 10		12 15	-	12
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	377	_	16	1	15	-	37	_	17	9	415
Ohio	20	-	4	_	3	-	18	-	9	3	190
Indiana	76	-	3	-	5	-	3	-	-	3	90
Illinois	105	-	3	1	6	-	4	-	8	2	56
Michigan	131	-	4	-		-	6	-	-	1	34
Wisconsin	45	-	2	-	1	-	6	-	-	-	45
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	181	2	9	1	16	-	26	-	4	8	708
Minnesota	7	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	159
Iowa	55	-	1	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	142
Missouri North Dakota	2 51	1 -	6	1 -	10	-	13		3	3	218
South Dakota	9	_	_	_	2		_		_	2	78
Nebraska	3	-	-	_	2	-	2	_	_	_	21
Kansas	54	-	-	-	2	-	5	-	1	-	57
SOUTH ATLANTIC	712	-	30	_	10	3	53	3	100	6	413
Delaware	14	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-
Maryland	92	-	3	-	1	-	9	-	25	1	3
Dist. of Columbia	187	-	4		2	_	2 11	1	31	3	214
Virginia	195	_	-	_	1		1	-	31	-	47
North Carolina	11	-	4	-	3	-	6	2	22	-	4
South Carolina	92	-	2	-	1	2	11	-	5	-	-
Georgia	117	-	7 10	-	2	1 -	3 9	-	15	2	90 55
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1,174	1 -	16	_	19	3 2	35 5	1 1	37	6	411 87
Kentucky Tennessee	8 5 9		2	_	10	1	19		22	3	286
Alabama	116	1	7	-	4	-	6	_	6	2	18
Mississippi	122	-	5	-	3	-	5	-	-	1	20
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	606	2	31	2	59	-	28	-	7	16	652
Arkansas	5	-	4	1	45	-	2	-	2	1	73
Louisiana	25	-	7 2	-	3 7		8	_	- 4	1 1	41 164
Texas	576	2	18	1	4	-	9	-	1	13	374
MOUNTAIN	825	_	2	_	6	-	13	_	3	1	83
Montana	45	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	_	7
Idaho	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Colorado	320	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	17
New Mexico Arizona	157 83	_	-	_	1		2 4	-	1 -	-	36
Utah	95	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	1	3
Nevada	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	7
PACIFIC	959	-	17	-	3	-	36	-	1	7	230
Washington	269	-	1	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	13
Oregon	20 606	_	1 16	-	3	-	1 22	-	1	7	213
Alaska	5	_	16	-	3	_	22	_	_		213
Hawaii	59	-	-	-	-	_	2	-	-	-	_
Puerto Rico	3	1	42	-	_	2	11	-	-	3	15

Week No.

DEATHS IN 122 UNITED STATES CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED OCTOBER 1, 1966

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(By place of occurrence and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

			1	1	1		·			
	All Ca	uses	Pneumonia	Under		All Ca	uses	Decuments	Had as	
			and	1 year				Pneumonia and	Under	
Area	A11	65 years	Influenza	All	Area	A11	65 years		l year	
	Ages	and over			1	Ages	and over	Influenza	All Course	
			All Ages	Causes				All Ages	Causes	
NEW ENGLAND:	721	442	37	27	SOUTH ATLANTIC:	1,083	533	46	60	
Boston, Mass	221	133	7	5	Atlanta, Ga	122	51	11	10	
Bridgeport, Conn	38	23	3	3	Baltimore, Md	201	98	4	3	
Cambridge, Mass	36	30	10	- 1	Charlotte, N. C	52	24	2	6	
Fall River, Mass.*	29	20	1	1	Jacksonville, Fla	89	53	8	4	
Hartford, Conn	62	26	3	4	Miami, Fla	88	47	2	4	
Lowell, Mass	33	2.5	1	1	Norfolk, Va	62	30	5	6	
Lynn, Mass	20	13	_	-	Richmond, Va	85	36	2	6	
New Bedford, Mass	27	17	1	-	Savannah, Ga	39	20	2	3	
	59	38	_	1		78	58	1	2	
New Haven, Conn	56	35	1	4	St. Petersburg, Fla	57	21	2	9	
Providence, R. I		7			Tampa, Fla		1			
Somerville, Mass	9		5	2	Washington, D. C	178	81	7	6	
Springfield, Mass	50	27)		Wilmington, Del	32	14	_	1	
Waterbury, Conn	28	15		2						
Worcester, Mass	53	33	5	4	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL:	587	294	28	40	
					Birmingham, Ala	94	44	-	7	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC:	3,004	1,747	110	122	Chattanooga, Tenn	40	26	4	3	
Albany, N. Y	43	31	1	2	Knoxville, Tenn	49	31	4	-	
Allentown, Pa	38	26	2	1	Louisville, Ky	120	51	11	10	
Buffalo, N. Y	141	87	7	5	Memphis, Tenn	122	64	5	6	
Camden, N. J	40	25	-	-	Mobile, Ala	57	22	-	8	
Elizabeth, N. J	32	19	-	-	Montgomery, Ala	25	13	1	1	
Erie, Pa	41	29	2	2	Nashville, Tenn	80	43	3	5	
Jersey City, N. J	63	31	6	5						
Newark, N. J	84	45	2	3	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:	1,044	514	30	78	
New York City, N. Y	1,548	871	48	74	Austin, Tex	45	25	2	-	
Paterson, N. J	32	16	1	1	Baton Rouge, La	49	22	1	4	
Philadelphia, Pa	427	244	12	15	Corpus Christi, Tex	25	13		2	
Pittsburgh, Pa	163	82	3	4	Dallas, Tex	130	62	5	9	
2 ,	46	32	3	1		33	13	3	2	
Reading, Pa	102		12		El Paso, Tex		34		6	
Rochester, N. Y		73	12	7	Fort Worth, Tex	72		1		
Schenectady, N. Y	18	12		-	Houston, Tex	191	93	2	14	
Scranton, Pa	46	27	5		Little Rock, Ark	17	10	1	2	
Syracuse, N. Y	44	29	2	1	New Orleans, La	179	75	4	20	
Trenton, N. J	38	27	2	1	Oklahoma City, Okla	80	46	2	6	
Utica, N. Y	24	18	-	-	San Antonio, Tex	102	49	2	6	
Yonkers, N. Y	34	23	2	-	Shreveport, La	54	31	4	5	
					Tulsa, Okla	67	41	3	2	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL:	2,429	1,336	65	112						
Akron, Ohio	62	35	-	-	MOUNTAIN:	406	239	16	23	
Canton, Ohio	29	18	2	3	Albuquerque, N. Mex	49	24	3	3	
Chicago, Ill	718	398	26	40	Colorado Springs, Colo.	17	11	1	1	
Cincinnati, Ohio	162	97	2	4	Denver, Colo	118	70	2	6	
Cleveland, Ohio	206	105	5	7	Ogden, Utah	23	18	3	1	
Columbus, Ohio	120	64	_	3	Phoenix, Ariz	86	44	5	7	
Dayten, Ohio	63	28	2	3	Pueblo, Colo	27	18	_	3	
Detroit, Mich	335	190	6	12	Salt Lake City, Utah	48	31	1	1	
Evansville, Ind	42	25	-	1	Tucson, Ariz	38	23	1	1	
Flint, Mich	57	20	_	7				1		
Fort Wayne, Ind	37	27		_	PACIFIC:	1,522	910	27	65	
	10	5	1	1	Berkeley, Calif	1,322	11	27	1	
Gary, Ind	36	24	3	2	Fresno, Calif.*	44	24	1	2	
Grand Rapids, Mich			3	6			1	1		
Indianapolis, Ind	145	69		1 1	Glendale, Calif	41	24	2	5	
Madison, Wis	28	16	- /	1 6	Honolulu, Hawaii	46	22	_		
Milwaukee, Wis	132	77	4	6	Long Beach, Calif.	59	43	10	2	
Peoria, Ill	43	24	1	6	Los Angeles, Calif	515	321	12	21	
Rockford, Ill	32	22	5	2	Oakland, Calif	106	58	2	5	
South Bend, Ind	42	15	2	1	Pasadena, Calif	32	25	-	2	
Toledo, Ohio	79	47	1	4	Portland, Oreg	108	61	-	7	
Youngstown, Ohio	51	30	2	3	Sacramento, Calif	60	35	1	2	
		1			San Diego, Calif	96	52	3	8	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL:	714	417	22	40	San Francisco, Calif	175	101	3	2	
Des Moines, Iowa	48	31	1	4	San Jose, Calif *	34	21	1	2	
Duluth, Minn	14	10	-	- '	Seattle, Wash	114	64	1	5	
Kansas City, Kans	33	14	4	6	Spokane, Wash	40	25	-	- 1	
Kansas City, Mo	132	86	-	7	Tacoma, Wash *	35	23	1	1	
Lincoln, Nebr	32	22	2	-				 		
Minneapolis, Minn	92	56	2	6	Total	11,510	6,432	381	567	
Omaha, Nebr	58	27	2	1		11,510	0,432	701	207	
St. Louis, Mo	193	98	4	13	Cu	mulative To	tals			
St. Paul, Minn	57	36	2	1	LI CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO					
Wichita, Kans	55	37	5	2						
in a second			l		All Causes, All Ages			490.66	51	
					All Causes, Age 65 and					
					Pneumonia and Influenza	A11 Aces		20 58	1	
*Fetimato - based a	Marson	ont of di-	vicional to	t a l	All Causes Meder 1 Ver	, all ages.		26,07	19	
*Estimate - based on a	verage perc	ent of div	isional to	Lal.	All Causes, Under l Yea	t of Age		20,07		

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ENCEPHALITIS - (Continued from page 335)

gitis or undifferentiated, febrile illnesses were investigated in the metropolitan St. Louis area. Five of the patients with encephalitis and one patient with aseptic meningitis have laboratory evidence of SLE virus infection.

There was a small cluster of suspect SLE cases in a western suburb of St. Louis during the third and fourth weeks of August.

Specimens from the 48 patients are being studied for evidence of enterovirus and arbovirus infections.

(Reported by the Missouri Department of Public Health and Welfare, the St. Louis City Health Department, the St. Louis City Division of Health, and the Kansas City Field Station.)

St. Louis Encepholitis in Louisiono

Since June 1966, a total of 88 suspected cases of clinical encephalitis and 30 cases of suspected aseptic meningitis have been reported and subsequently investigated by the Louisiana State Board of Health. Of these, there are 4 confirmed and 19 presumptive cases of SLE infection. Although cases have been scattered throughout the State, a cluster was noted in the heavily populated Orleans and Jefferson Parishes.

There have been no deaths among those cases with laboratory evidence of infection with SLE virus, although eight deaths have occurred in patients with clinical encephalitis of unknown cause.

Numerous mosquito pools and bird bloods have all been negative for evidence of SLE virus.

(Reported by Dr. John A. Trautman, Chief of Epidemiology Section, Louisiana State Board of Health; and an EIS Officer.)

Colifornio Encepholitis in Ohio

Through the week ending September 30, 1966, 22 cases of California encephalitis virus infection have been reported from Ohio. Nine patients reside in Trumbull and Summit Counties in the northeastern corner of the State; the remaining cases are scattered throughout rural areas of central and northern Ohio in nine other counties.

The first clinically recognized case had onset of symptoms in early June, 9 cases had onset in July and 10 cases in August. Two recently reported cases had onsets in mid-September.

In 1965, 28 cases of California virus infection were recorded from 16 Ohio counties.

(Reported by Dr. Calvin B. Spencer, Acting Chief, Bureau of Preventive Medicine, Ohio Department of Health.)

THE MORBIOITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT, WITH A CIRCULATION OF 15,600, IS PUBLISHED AT THE COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CHIEF, COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER CHIEF, EPIDEMIOLOGY BRANCH ACTING CHIEF, STATISTICS SECTION

OAVIO J. SENCER, M.O. A.O. LANGMUIR, M.O. IOA L. SHERMAN, M.S.

IN AGOITION TO THE ESTABLISHED PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING MORBIOITY AND MORTALITY, THE COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER WELCOMES ACCOUNTS OF INTERESTING OUTBREAKS OR CASE INVESTIGATIONS WHICH ARE OF CURRENT INTEREST TO HEALTH OFFICIALS AND WHICH ARE DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES, SUCH COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE AGORESSED TO:

THE EOITOR
MORBIOITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT
COMMUNICABLE OISEASE CENTER
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30333

NOTE. THE OATA IN THIS REPORT ARE PROVISIONAL AND ARE BASED ON WEEKLY TELEGRAMS TO THE COC BY THE INDIVIOUAL STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENTS. THE REPORTING WEEK CONCLUDES ON SATUROAY; COMPILEO OATA ON A NATIONAL BASIS ARE RELEASED ON THE SUCCEEDING FRIDAY

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